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11 the actual market value at the time of purchase; and, provided 12 further, that the commissioner of insurance shall have full discretion

13 in determining the method of calculating values according to the 14 foregoing rule.

Approved April 11, A. D. 1921.

CHAPTER 199

INSPECTION OF RESTAURANTS

H. F. 570.

AN ACT providing for the regulation, licensing and sanitary inspection of restaurants, cases, caseterias, dining rooms, lunch wagons, lunch counters and all places where prepared food or meals are furnished to the public.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. "Restaurant" defined. Every building or structure kept, used, advertised as or held out to the public to be a restaurant, cafe, cafeteria, dining hall, lunch counter, lunch wagon or place where food is served for pay, to the public, except those used not more than one day in any week by churches, fraternal societies and civic organizations, shall for the purposes of this act be defined to be a restaurant and wherever the word "restaurant" shall occur in this act it shall be construed to mean and cover every such place as is described in this section. Provided, however, that this act shall not apply to churches, lodges or like organizations, which do not regularly as a business, engage in the serving of food.

SEC. 2. Application for license. That upon the taking effect of this act and on or before January 1st of each year thereafter every person, firm or corporation now engaged in the business of conducting a restaurant and every person, firm or corporation who shall thereafter engage in conducting such business shall make application to the inspector of hotels for a license to conduct such business.

SEC. 3. Blanks—issuance of license. The inspector of hotels upon request shall furnish to any person, firm or corporation desiring to conduct a restaurant an application blank to be filled out by such person, firm or corporation for a license therefor, and which shall require such applicant to state the full name and address of the owner of the building, the lessee, and manager of such restaurant together with the full description of the building and property to be used or proposed to be used for such business, the location of the same, the name under which such business is to be conducted, and such other information as may be required therein by the inspector of hotels and such application shall be accompanied by the license fee provided in section five (5) of this act. Upon the approval of such application by the inspector of hotels he shall issue a license to the applicant to conduct a restaurant in this state.

- 1 SEC. 4. Operation without license—duration of license. Each license shall expire on the thirty-first day of December next following its issuance. No restaurant shall be maintained or conducted in 3 this state after the taking effect of this act without having secured a license therefor as provided in said act and no license shall be transferable, provided, however, that after the making of application for license as herein provided for, and pending the issuance of such license such restaurant shall be permitted to operate as such 8 9 until the final refusal of such application by the inspector; provided, also, that no restaurant shall be denied relief in the courts 10 in any action instituted by such restaurant by reason of the fact that 11 12 a license has not been issued to such restaurant.
 - SEC. 5. Fee. The fee for a license to conduct a restaurant in this state shall be three dollars (\$3.00).

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- SEC. 6. Disposition of fund. All fees received for license shall forthwith be paid over to the state treasurer and his receipt taken and kept on file in the office of the inspector of hotels. Such fees shall be by the treasurer kept as a part of the hotel inspection fund and only paid out for bills or claims approved by the inspector of hotels and the board of audit, except that when this fund exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) such excess shall be paid into the general fund of the state.
- SEC. 7. Duty of inspector. It shall be the duty of the inspector of hotels and his deputies to see that all the provisions of this act are enforced and complied with, and for such purpose such inspector or deputy shall personally inspect at least once each calendar year every restaurant in the state coming under the provisions of this act, no additional compensation other than that already provided in the law for inspection of hotels as provided in section 2514-t, supplemental supplement to the code, 1915, shall be allowed or paid to the inspector of hotels or his deputies for the enforcement of this act.
- SEC. 8. Inspection on complaint—expenses. Upon the receipt of a verified complaint signed by one or more patrons of any restaurant in this state setting forth facts showing that such restaurant is in an insanitary condition or that fire escapes or appliances are not kept and maintained in accordance with the provisions of law, the inspector shall make or cause to be made an inspection or examination of the matters complained of, and, if upon inspection such complaint is found to be justifiable, the actual expense necessarily incurred in conducting such examination shall be charged and col-In case the complaint is found to be without reasonable grounds the actual expense necessarily incurred in making such inspection shall be chargeable against and collected from the person or persons making the complaint, the expense charged in either case shall be collected by the officer making the inspection, who shall receipt for same to party paying such charge, and such officer shall cause any money so collected to be paid over as license fees.
- SEC. 9. Sanitary conditions of premises. Every restaurant, except those temporary in location and character, situated in a city or town having a system of sewerage, shall be thoroughly drained,

constructed and ventilated according to approved sanitary principles; all restaurants shall be kept and maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and free from any effluvia, gas, or offensive odors arising from any sewer, drain, privy, or any other source whatsoever within the control of the owner, manager, agent or person in charge thereof. Restaurants, except those temporary in character and location, in cities or towns not provided with a sewerage system shall be drained, constructed and ventilated in accordance with approved sanitary principles, and the drain shall be connected with an approved cesspool, which cesspool shall be properly cleaned and disinfected as often as necessary to keep and maintain it in an approved sanitary condition.

SEC. 10. Sanitary conditions of utensils. In every restaurant the kitchen, kitchen utensils, dining room, lunch counter, cellar, ice boxes, refrigerators, cooking utensils and all places where food is kept, stored, prepared or served, shall be kept and maintained in a sanitary condition, and the use of soiled or insanitary tablecloths, napkins or other tableware is hereby prohibited. And where any of the above named equipment is found to be in an insanitary condition it shall be condemned by the inspecting officer and further use of same shall forthwith be prohibited. There shall be no toilets, urinals or beds in any room or place where food is kept, stored, prepared or served. In toilet rooms and public wash rooms installed in restaurants the use of the roller towel, or common towel, and the common drinking cup is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 11. Report in re inspection. The deputy inspector shall make a full and complete report to the inspector of hotels of every restaurant inspected by them upon blanks furnished for that purpose, which report shall show the condition of the restaurant inspected, as to its sanitary condition, the number and condition of its fire escapes, number of stories high, name of the proprietor, fee charged for license, and such other information as the inspector of hotels may determine will be for the betterment of the public health.

SEC. 12. Penalty. Any inspector or deputy who shall knowingly certify falsely regarding any restaurant inspected by him, or shall issue a license to any person owning, managing, or operating a restaurant when such person has not complied with the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 13. Notice of violations. It shall be the duty of the inspector upon ascertaining by inspection or otherwise, that any restaurant is being carried on contrary to any of the provisions of this act, to notify the manager, proprietor or owner in writing in what respect it fails to comply with the law and requiring such person within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the inspector, to do or cause to be done the things necessary to make it comply with the law.

SEC. 14. Penalty. Any owner, manager, agent or person in charge of a restaurant who shall obstruct, hinder or interfere with an inspector or his deputy in the proper discharge of his duty, or who

- 4 shall willfully fail or neglect to comply with any of the provisions 5 of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction 6 thereof, be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisoned 7 in the county jail not exceeding thirty days and after such conviction his license may be revoked by the inspector of hotels.
- 1 SEC. 15. Injunction. It shall be the duty of the inspector upon ascertaining that any owner, manager, agent or person in charge is violating any of the provisions of this act after the expiration of the time fixed in the notice provided in section eleven hereof to make complaint, and may file his petition in any court of competent jurisdiction or before any judge of such court in vacation, upon which an injunction may issue with or without bond as may be ordered by the court or judge, restraining the further use of such restaurant 8 until the provisions of this act are fully complied with; but no injunction shall issue until after the defendant has had at least five 10 days' notice of the application therefor, fixing a time for hearing 11 thereon. It is hereby made the duty of the county attorney in either 12 case to prepare the necessary papers and conduct all prosecutions or litigation connected therewith. 13 14
 - 1 SEC. 16. Repeal. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith 2 are hereby repealed.
 - SEC. 17. Publication clause. This act being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in full force from date of publication in The Des Moines Capital and in The Des Moines Register, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 11, A. D. 1921.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Capital April 18, 1921, and in the Des Moines Register April 16, 1921.

W. C. RAMSAY, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 200

RESTRICTED DISTRICT ORDINANCES

H. F. 604.

AN ACT to provide for the recording and indexing by county recorders of restricted districts, building lines, and benefited districts.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Certifying ordinance. Immediately after the passage by the city council of an ordinance or resolution establishing any restricted district, building lines, fire limits, the city clerk shall certify such ordinance or resolution and plat of said district to the county recorder of the county in which the city is situated.
- SEC. 2. Recordation. Whenever such ordinance or resolution shall have been certified to the county recorder, then he shall record the same in the miscellaneous record or other book provided for special records.